13-830-6. OBSTRUCTING JUSTICE.

- A. A person is guilty of an offense if, with intent to hinder, prevent, or delay the discovery, apprehension, prosecution, conviction or punishment of another for the commission of a crime, he:
 - 1. Knowing an offense has been committed, conceals it from a magistrate; or
 - 2. Harbors or conceals the offender; or
 - 3. Provides the offender a weapon, transportation, disguise, or other means for avoiding discovery or apprehension; or
 - 4. Warns such offender of impending discovery or apprehension; or
 - 5. Conceals, destroys, or alters any physical evidence that might aid in the discovery, apprehension, or conviction of such person; or
 - 6. Obstructs by force, intimidation, or deception anyone from performing an act which might aid in the discovery, apprehension, prosecution or conviction of such person.
- B. An offense under this section is a class B misdemeanor.

13-830-7. FAILURE TO AID PEACE OFFICER. A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if, upon command by a peace officer identifiable or identified by him as such, he unreasonably fails or refuses to aid the peace officer in effecting an arrest or in preventing the commission of any offense by another person.

13-830-8. ACCEPTANCE OF BRIBE OR BRIBERY TO PREVENT CRIMINAL PROSECUTION — DEFENSE.

- A. A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if he:
 - 1. Solicits, accepts, or agrees to accept any benefit as consideration for his refraining from initiating or aiding in a criminal prosecution; or
 - 2. Confers, offers, or agrees to confer any benefit upon another as consideration for the person refraining from initiating or aiding in a criminal prosecution;
- B. It is an affirmative defense that the value of the benefit did not exceed an amount which the actor believed to be due as restitution or indemnification for the loss caused or to be caused by the offense.